Happenings The World Over.

QLEANINGS OF INTEREST TERSE-LY TOLD, BOTH DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN.

Fires

At Pana, Ill., the Christian county poorhouse with nearly all its contents was burn-Mrs. Warden Gardner was badly burn-The inmates narrowly escaped.

The Grand Rapids, Mich., Folding Chair and Table Company's factory was burned. Loss on stock, \$30,000; on building and equipment, \$40,000; insurance, \$26,000.

At Chicago, the five story building occu-pied by the Bridgeport Wood Finishing Company damaged \$20,000. Two firemen were injured by a barrel of oil exploding.

At Plymouth, Mass., the historical Unitarian Church. In the belfry was a bell cast by Paul Revere in 1801. The loss is heavy, the organ alone being insured for \$10,000.

At Marshfield, Wis. Staadt's lumber camp was burned. Five of the eight men who occupied the building were burned, and one, Andrew Mullenbach; is now dead. Charles David, of McMillan, cannot recover, and two others are burned so badly that the flesh has dropped from their hands and faces. Loss on building, \$1,000.

At Winston, N. C., the Hotel Zinzendorf, recently built by the West End Land Company at a cost of \$140,000, was totally destroved by fire. The contents were mainly saved. The hotel was one of the best in the

At Newport, R. I., "The Brakers," the elegant and costly residence of Cornelius Vanderbuilt is a smouldering mass of ruins. Blackened ar Urrambling walls of brick. and heaps of ashes, are all that now remain of the paintial villa which for years has been numbered among Newport's largest and finest residences. The fire also destroy ed all the valuable contents of the villa including furniture, bric-a-brac, wearing apparel and rare and costly articles of every description. The silver, jewels and other valuables of a like nature, were piaced in the safe by the servants and are probably all right. Estimates place Mr. Vanderbuilt's loss at not less than \$600,000.

Crime and Penalties,

Two shop-lifters were arrested in Chicago, who had a new device-a regular portable "fence." It is a paste-board box, ten inches equare, at the top of which is arranged a lid with a spring. A very small weight on the lid would cause it to go down, allowing anything placed on top of it to fall into the box. It would then be forced back by the spring.

Mrs. Ada E. Jackson, colored, 16 years old was murdered in her bed in New York while her two small children lay beside her. A stone tied in a rag to form a slungshot was found in an adjoining room, and is supposed to be the weapon which made the wound on the women's head. Thomas Bristol, colored, has been arrested by the police on suspicion of having killed the wom an. His hat was found in her room,

Death warrants for the eight colored men and boys in Chestertown, Md., jail, convicted of the murder of Dr. Hill have been prepared. December 13 is the date for the hang-

C. Sincloir, eashier and confidential books keeper of the Armour Packing Company, New York, is missing. The amount money that is also missing from his employer's bank account is estimated at \$50,

Disnaters . Accidents and l'atalities.

There was a collison between a freight and passenger train near Popularville Miss., on the Northwestern railroad. Two tramps were killed and most of the train crew badly sbaken up.

At Grand Rapids, Neb., on account of a switch not being closed a passenger train van into a freight on the Union Pacific killing Engineers McDonald and Barrett, Conductor Keller and Fireman Owens. Three persons were injured.

Last Friday a party of musicians started from Everett, Wash., for Marysville in a yacht. Sunday morning the steamer Mabel picked up a capsized boat, and a reed organ efterward dritted asho.e. Nothing has been seen of the party.

Four young men working on a government scow at Lewiston, Wash., on the Snake river, drowned Thursday, when their craft was capsized by a blast.

A two-story frame structure in New York known as the St. Nicholas Park Hotel, was burned, and a servant girl named Rosa Raubuhler, aged 24, lost her life. Loss, \$15,

Many deaths are reported as the result of floods in the State of Washington, while the loss of property in the shape of farm buildings carried away and wrecked throughout the State will make a formidable item

The famous Homestead (Pa.) Advisory board is no more. At a meeting on Mon day night that body was formally dissolved Addresses of regret were made by those

Eskimos at the World's Fair grounds took

an unusually black negro for satan. In the suit of Barbara Reich against the Philadelphia Company at Pittsburg, for maves for injuries caused by an explosio of natural gas on Smallman street, a verdict was given for \$12,000 damages for the plaintiff. Miss Reich was badly injured. In the case of David Bennett, who was also burt by the explosion, the same jury gave s verdict of \$100 for the plaintiff.

(appeal Labor and Industrial. At Cleveland the Schneider & Trenkamp

works have started up again with nearly all of the 600 old hands employed. The works abut down on account of a general strike. The men return at the former wages. miners of the Pine Brook and Carbaft, of the Lackawanne Iron and Company, Scrauton, Pa., numbering ere given an increase of 10 per cent in for mining coal, and for cutting cross-me they were increased from 10 cents

per yard to \$1 41 per beading. Laborers and all other employes about the mines and breaker of the company, were also given in reases from 10 to 80 cents per day.

The K. of L. has voted to remove head quarters from Philadelphia.

Personal.

President elect Cleveland spent Thanks giving Day quietly and enjoyably on Broadwater Island, Va. Mr. Cleveland had nis Thanksgiving dinner at 5 p. m., the only persons present being his companions Messrs. Davis and Jefferson, and the bost, Mr. Ferrell.

James G. Blaine is again a very sick man, and the daily attendance of physicians is required.

Meters and Farthquakes.

A wonderful metoric shower, clearly ob servable at San Francisco Thursday night, was followed by a slight shock of earth quake shortly after midnight. During the metoeric display Prof. Davidson, of the Geographical Survey, counted over 1,200 in about one hour and a half.

A meteor of great brilliancy passed over Kenosha, Wis., Thursday night. Its course was northeast. It exploded soon after pass ing the zenith, a tremendous report following. The path of the visitor was marked by a long line of fire.

REVOND OUR BORDERS,

Black diphtheria is raging in Canadian

The South Australia wheat harvest will be

Four cases of cholera are peported at Brus Some anxiety is felt, but the health authorities are confident that there will be no sprend of the disease.

In 18 of the Rus-ia cholera districts there were 3,313 cases of the disease and 769 deaths the last week.

AS TO PENSION APPEALS.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY BUSINEY ISSUES HIS LAST

ANNUAL BEFORE. The annual report of Gen. Cyrus Bussey. the assistant secretary of the interior, has been received by Secretary Noble. It deals xclusively with the work of the board of pension appeals, of which the assistant secre tary has direct charge, and with the purchase of Indian supplies at the government warehouse in New York. The report shows that on July 1, 1891, there was 5,030 appeal ed'pension cases on file with the board, and that this number on June 30, 1892, had been reduced to 4,349.

There were 4.258 appeals filed during the year. Of the 4,939 cases acted upon during the year the decision of the commissioner was sustained in 3,865. Action was reversed in 464 cases, 201 were dismissed and 409 cases were reconsidered by the commissioner pending appeal.

He recommends that congress be request ed to enact a law that shall expressly nuthorze the department to treat all improper, illegal and excessive payments of pension, whether caused by fraud or by mistake, as prepayments, to be charged against the current pension, with a view to readjusting or equalizing current pension payments within the discretion of the secretary.

the discretion of the secretary.

In concluding his report General Bussessays: "I am gratified to be able to say that in compliance with the provision of the various pension laws, on June 10, 1892, there were borne on the pension rolls the names of 856,087 pensioners, 176,928 more pensioners than were carried on the same rolls at the end of the preceding fiscal year and 457,030 more than were on the rolls June 30, 1887."

General Bussy calls attention to the fact that the appropriation bill for the Indian

General Bussy calls attention to the fact that the appropriation bill for the Indian service is usually passed so late in the year that it seems impossible to let contracts for supplies in time for delivery before winter sets in, and this, especially as to blankets and winter clothing, has caused much suf-fering. He recommends that the appro-priation for these supplies be made one year ahead.

STORMS IN THE NORTHWEST.

WASHINGTON STATE SUFFERING .-- FIVE LIVES LOST.

Reports of a storm throughout the western portion of the state are growning worse, and prospects of rail communication being restored are abandoned for several days Five deaths are reported as the result of the floods, while loss of property in the shape of farm buildings carried away and wreck ed will amount to thousands of dollars. The valleys of Duwamish and Stretching to the northward are vast lakes. In the Stuck valley, as far as the eye can see, the valley is a seething take in which logs, shingles wrecked buildings, railroad ties, uprooted trees and debris are jammed together 10 to 20 feet deep.

In Chehallis county, near Elma, the Northern Pacific bridge on Grays branch is so weak that the trains dare not cross till the high water recedes. The Great Northern with not be able to run trains until the bridges are repaired, the slides removed and the track rebuilt. The Scattle, Lake Shore and Eastern runs trains to the International boundary, but a transfer is made around the slide at Blackman. Three or four small steamers are reported sunk in the Snobomish river, but no lives lost. The large scamer is carrying passengers to Whatcome to take the rail connection to the East. The Canadian Pacific has almost entirely escaped any damage or delay. Frame houses of all descriptions have been seen floating in nearly every stream of any size west of the mountains.

CRITCHLOW FREE.

Acquitted by the Jury After Little More Than an Hour's Deliberation.

Sylvester Critchlow, the Homesteader charged with killing T. J. Connors, a Pinkerton, was acquitted at Pittsburg, the jury having been out just 70 minutes.

Critchlow was immediately taken back to jail, where he is now held under indict-ment for riot in default of \$2,000 bail. There is also sn indictment against him for the killing of Silas Wayne at Homestead on July 6.

Other Homestead suits will taken be up at once, it is said. The first one is against Jack Clifford, who is also charged wurder and riot.

A MOTHER'S MADNESS.

Tries to Throw Herself in the Fire Where Her Child Perished

At Tecumseh, I. T., Mrs. Charles Edmon-son left her 9 year old child alone in her house while she went to an adjoining field after her husband. During her absence the bouse caught fire. The husband and wife hastened back, but too late to save their shild. The mother attempted to throw terself into the burning mass, but was re-strained by her husband.

BUSINESS IS HOLDING UP.

THE GENERAL TREND OF TRADE CONTINUES
OOOD EVERYWHERE.
R.G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade eave: The condition of business throughout the country appears excellent, with the volume of trade greater than in any pre-vious year. At Boston trade is good, prospects are considered excellent and money easy at lower rates. Merchandise is fairly active, and though woolen goods are quiet the mills are well employed, while sales of cotton are very large with an advance, and groceries are in satisfactory demand. At l'hiladelphia trade in general is fairly active, especially in pardware and in electrical supplies and plants; money is easier from lack of demand, and is expected to be easier than usual for the coming month.

lack of demand, and is expected to be easier than usual for the coming month.

At Baltimore a slight increase is seen in the local demand for goods, the supply of money is ample and the caution snown in Southern dearings has been justified by excellent collections this season. At Cincinnaticigar manufacturing does well, exceeding last year's trade 15 per cent. and jobbers are doing a satisfactory business, with good prospects. Trade is good at Cleveland, though not changed in iron, and dry goods dull. Money is close, with active demand. At Detroit trade is fully equal to that of last year, and money is in strong demand, but iron is lower.

The volume of trade at Chicago is satisfactory and collections are good with money in strong demand, currency being wanted for the Southwest. Receipts of cheese and broom corn are more than double last year's of butter, 50 per cent, larger, with slight increase in flour, barley, cattle and sheep, while in hides and oats the decrease is 10 per cent, in corn, dre-sed beef and wool, 20 per cent, in eggs, lard and rye, 50 per cent, and in wheat and seeds, 50 per cent, the smaller receipts are due in part to the phenomenal stocks on hand, those of wheat and oats being nearly double last year's.

Trade at Milwaukee is stimulated in all

year's.

Trade at Milwaukee is stimulated in all lines with gratifying results and money is in good demand. At Minneapolis and St. Paul there is good trade, with collections improving. The Minneapolis flour output is 187,000 barrels against 160,000 hat year and the lumber market is strong, the cut being 500,000 feet, the largest on record. Trade in Omaha is very active, with collections good and money easy. At Denver trade is good with law collections and at Salt Lake better than a year ago, with good prospects. At Kansas City live stock receipts are heavy, but grain receipts light, and at St. Louis retail trade is improving by more favorable weather. Business at Memphis has slightly improved and also at Little Rock, though crop receipts are not encouraging, while trade is improving at New Orleans, with money much easier and cotton and sugar very active. Trade at Milwaukee is stimulated in all

money much easier and cotton and sogar very active.

Low crop estimates now prevail 'at the South on the ground that the frost has done much damage. Wheat is comparatively inactive, with i of a cent decline, and corn and cats are unchanged with small transactions. Coffee is also stronger by i a cent.

The condition of the great industries is decidedly favorable. Perhaps the boot and shoe manufacturers fare best of all at this moment. It has been a phenomenal autumn in women's light goods. Woolen mills are still busy and sales of wool are greater than a year ago. The cotton industry is thriving everywhere. In iron the market remains firm.

thriving everywhere. In 100 the market remains firm.

Money has been steady at 4 per cent., the Treasury having added slightly to circulation by issuing \$39,000 more notes. Exports here for three weeks fail 17 per cent, below last year's and imports are much larger. Sto ke have been weaker, but there is no sign of especial disturbance.

The business failures occurring throughout the country for the past seven days number for the United States 180 and for Canada 20 or a total of 200 as compared with

Canada 29, or a total of 209, as compared with totals of 240 last week and 210 the week pre-vious to the last. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 235, repre-senting 237 failures in the United States and 58 in Canada.

ALL WILL BE TRIED.

O HOMESTEAD CASES WILL BE DEOFFED. CLAFFORD'S TELAL FIRST, District Attorney Burleigh of Pittsburg,

denies a statement made by Attorney Argo, one of the Western lawyers defending the Homestea I strikers, that, after the failure of conviction in the Critchlow case, there will be no further trials of the other indicted strikers. The district-attorney said that was a foolish utterance. It would not be lawful to nolle prosse any of the cases, and be meant to try all of those against whom a true bill had been found.

The first one that will come up now is that of "Jack" Clifford, who is accused of the same murder for which Critchlow was tried, that of Tom C. Connors, the Pinker-This case will not come up until possibly the middle of the coming term of court, it being the custom of disposing of the

Attorney Erwin, for this reason, started for his home on Saturday evening. He will be back, however, in time to assist in the derense of Clifford.

There will be no attempt to prove an abi bi in the case of Clifford. His defense will be fought out on the ground that the going of the Pinkertons was an invasion of Home stead, which the strikers had a perfect right to resist, if the plans of Attorney Argo are carried out. This plan, though, finds little favor among the Pittsburg attorneys. They want to try for acquittal on different lines, which are not yet made public.

STAMBOUL KING AGAIN.

AF CALIFORNIA STALLION GOES A MILE PASTER. BY A QUARTER OF A SECOND, THAN KREMLIN. Stamboul trotted on a kite-shaped track t Stockton, Cal., in 2 074. The day was not favorable, it being cloudy and cold, and the track was damp from rain. The stallion was in good condition and had it been a better day his time would have been lower. He went to the half in 1.023 and finished 2.074, going without a skip until he reached the wire when he left his feet. The performance makes Stamboul king of the trotting

ENORMOUS WHEAT CROPS. The wheat crop of Minnesota and the

Dakotas will be many million bushels above all estimates. Over 1,100 cars were received yesterday, the heaviest of all the season. but the daily receipts have averaged over 1.000 care. Conservative grain men who early in the season placed the crop at 85,-000,000 bushels, are now saying it will be between 140,000,000 and 150,000,000 bushels.

INSURANCE DEFRAUDERS SENTENCED. Louis Ebert and John H. O'Neal, who were charged with defrauding the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company by sending in bogus policies, were convicted at Washing-ton. Ebert was sentenced to four mouths and O'Neal to 10 months in the work house.

—CHARLES F. CHURCH, a fraveling sales man for Sanford & Co., dry goods, of Winnipeg, was caught in a blizzard while driving across a prairie, lost the trail and was frozen to death.

CHANGE IN BANKING LAWS.

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY MARKS SOME IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATIONS ABOUT NATIONAL BANKS.

Mr. A. B. Hepburn, Comptroller of the Currency, in his annual report, just submitted, makes the following recommenda-

First-That the minimum deposit of Gov ernment bonds required of National banks be \$1,000 in case of banks of \$50,000 capital. and \$1,000 in case of banks whose capital exceeds \$50,000.

Second-That banks be allowed to issue irculating notes equal to the par value of the bonds held to secure circulation.

Third-That the monthly withdrawal of oonds, pledged to secure circulation, shall not exceed \$4,500,000.

Fourth-That the tax on National banks circulation be repealed. The banks have already paid into the Treasury \$12,670,412 30 in taxes upon circulation. The banks should only he assessed an amount, sufficient to defray the actual cost to the Government of providing eleculation.

providing circulation.

Fifth—That the limit of the amount which may be loaned to any person, company, corporation, or firm to 10 per cent, of the capital sto-k of the bank, be so amended as to read "capital and surplus," and also, that an exception be made in favor of the temporary toans secured by collateral in our largest business centers.

Sixth—That the Government issue bonds having 20, 30 and 40 years to ruo, at a low rate of interest with which to retire p esent bonded debt of the Unitel States, which bonds may be used as a basis to secure National bank circulation.

Seventh—The comptroller shows that by changing a 2 per cent, bond lawing the same length of time to run for the 4 per cent, bonds, outstanding at the market value of each, on October 31, 1892, the Government could have saved 897, 161, 531, 697.

Eighth—That bank examiners be required to take an eath of office before entering in

Eighth-That bank examiners be required

ment could have saved 807.101.501.607.

Eighth—That bank examiners be required to take an eath of office before entering upon the discharge of their duties, and give bond in such amount and such sureries as the Comptrol of Currency may require.

Ninth—That the Comptrol of Currency be allowed to appoint two general examiners, of conspicious ability and experience, to be paid out of the public funds, whose duty it shall be to visit assist and supervise the various examiners in their several districts, in order to secure uniformity in method and greater efficiency in work.

Tenth—That the law be so amended as to prohibit officers and employes of a bank from borrowing its funds in any manner, except upon application to, and approval of the board of directors.

Eleventh—In order to facilitate the collection of assessments upon stockholders of failed National banks, that the receivers of such banks be requested to file with the County Clerk or Register of each county, in which any stockholder may reside, a statement showing the names of the stockholders who reside in such county and the amount of stock held by them respectively. The filing of such statement to constitute a lien upon any realty of said stockholders, which lien may be vacated upon motion and by giving proper bond, and so be discharged by the receiver upon payment of the assissment.

charged by the receiver upon payment of the assessment.

Nearly 50 per cent, of the banks are located uest of the Mississippi river, and 35 per cent, in the Southern States.

The number of banks on September 25, 1892, was 3,788, having an aggregate capital of \$600,808,605; surplus and undivided profits \$340,524,179; individval banks deposits \$430,524,179; individval banks deposits \$4,765,422,983 07; bank deposits \$530,953,262 and total resources, \$4,510,094,897.

The circulat on outstanding shows a net increase for the year of \$10,487,220. The gold held by banks, as compared with September 25, 1891, show an increase of \$21,104,115 surplus and profits, increase, \$9,663,102; individual deposits, increase, \$100,438,428.

A FAMILY BURNED UP. Death of Three Persons in a Fire Near

Sharpeburg.
The residence and green house of Hiram Danahower at Pleasant Valley, a suburb of Sharpsburg, Pa., were totally destroyed by fire and the entire family consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Danshower and child perished in the flames The charred remains of the bodies were recovered by the Sharpsburg Fire Department, but they were burnt beyoud recognition.

The fire originated in the green house, where the furnace was heated to protect the plants. The fire was discovered by Charles Grubbs, who lives next door, at 1:30 m and he immediately ar neighors, who forced the doors of the dwellng only to be driven back by flames and smoke. There was no water to be had, so the people could do nothing but witness the destruction of the building and the cremation of the victims. Mr. Danahower was a thrifty citizen, aged 36, of Sharpsburg. Mrs. Danahower was 36 years of age and the little girl about 9.

LARGE WORKS TO SHUT DOWN. Caused By the Uncertainty of Tariff Legisla ion.

The Illinois Steel Company, Chicago, employing 3,500 men, will shut down December 15, for two or three months. The primary cause is said to be due to the uncertainty of tariff legislation. Owing to the general belief that steel rails will be cheaper, few orders are being received. While the works are shut down, an invention, which will do away with the traveling crane, will be introduced. This will dispense with 65 men, each of whom make 1,500 a year. Another invention which will be put in the rail mill dispenses with helpers These men draw \$100 per month.

Minnespolis Flour Output.

The amount of flour ground at Minneapois last week was the lightest for any week in the past three months. The week's outout was 186,790 barrels, averaging 31,131 barrels daily, against 221,980 the week before, 161,260 for the corresponding time in 1891, and 188,170 in 1890. Foreign trade is extremely dull, bids being usually 6d to 1s below the views of millers. The direct export shipment by the mills last week were 61,200 barrels, against 72,200 barrels the preceding week.

FOUR KILLED, THREE INJURED. Four people were killed and three injured by a collision on the Union Pacific Railroad at Alda, Neb. The following were killed:

Engineer B. McDonald, Engineer E. B. Barrett, Conductor J. W. Keeler and Fireman Owens. The injured are Fireman Castillo, catally burt; Brakeman Sutherland, badiy bruised and scalded. One passenger was

-Jacon Schoop, a wealthy farmer of Duchess county, N. Y., has been swindled out of \$2,500 by William Haupt, a silver brick washer. -MRS. MAGGIR BARTILINA, of Chicago,

dreamed t hat her absent husband was in tered. She became a raving maniac.

THE NATION'S FINANCES.

U. S. TREASURER REPORT.

Much of the Interest Bearing Public Deb Cut Off and a Good Working Balance Kept on Hand.

The Treasurer of the United States, E. H. Sebecker, has submitted his annual report for the year ended June 30, 1892.

The net ordinary revenues of the Government for the fiscal year were \$354,937,784, a lecrease of \$37,674,683 as compared with the year before. The net ordinary expenditures were \$345,023,330, a decrease of \$10,349,354. The surplus revenues were thus cut down from \$37,239,762 to \$9,914,453. Including the public debt. the total receipts for the year were \$730,401,286, and the expenditures

the public debt, the total receipts for the year were \$736,401,286, and the expenditures \$634,010,286.

Con-netered with respect to the effect upon the Treasury, the receipts are divided in two general classes, of which the first comprising the ordinary revenues, the receipts from loans and the denosits for the retirement of national bank n tes, increase for the time the cash available for the ness of Government, while the second arising from the issue of gold, silver and currency certificates United States notes and Treasury notes, tend to swell the assets of the Treasury, but do not affect the available belance. For the first of these classes the figures show an excess of \$85,000,000 of expenditures over revenues in 1801, and one of upwards of \$21,000,000 in 1802. In the second class there was an excess of \$65,000,000 of receipts in the former year and one of \$80,000,000 in the latter. As compared with 1891, there was a saving of upwards of \$11,000,000 of interest, out of which a surplus was realized notwithstanding the cutting down of the revenues by legislation.

Analyzing the true condition of the Treasurer shows that there was a working balance of cash and deposits in banks, amounting to \$207,110,42; at the beginning of the year, and of \$165,718,131 at the end. Of the former amount \$119,000,000 and of the latter \$114,500,000 was gold. The success which has attended the efforts of the department to maintain a strong gold reserve, is considerable of the United State, were cut down from \$1,005,805,900 to \$608,218,840, while those secured by full deposits in the Treasury increased from \$540,000,000 in the year, and of \$27,000,000 and \$1,587,587,720 in these items was affected by the application of the Fersaury increased from \$40,000,000 in the year, the conversion of natured bonds into others payable at the option of the Secretary of the Freasury, and the extinction of considerable of the loans payable on demand. The total net reduction of \$87,587,720 in these items was affected by the application of the secr

ear before, and the next nearest \$291,00

FINAL ELECTION ECHOES.

BEODE ISLAND'S OFFICIAL FIGURES. PROVIDENCE.-The official count of t State vote cast in the recent President election is completed and shows the following_result: Bidwell, 1,654; Cleveland, 24,333; Harrison, 27,060, Weaver, 227. Plurality tor Harrison, 2,734.

CLEVELAND IN THE NUTMED STATE. HARTFORD.-The official count of the vote of Connecticut as determined by the State board of canvassers shows that Cleveland for President received the largest vote ever cast for a candidate in the State. The total vote of the State for President was 164, 825, and Cleveland's plurality over Harrison is 5.570, Total vote for Governor is 163,479. Luzon B. Morris, the Democratic candidate, has a majority of 895 and a plurality over Joseph the Demblicen candidate of 6.649

CLEVELAND'S ILLINOIS PLURALITY 29,133. SPRINGFIELD. - Official vote of Illinois President-Cleveland, Democrat, 426,574; Harrison, Republican, 397,441; Bidwell, Prohibitionist, 24,590; Weaver, Populist, 20,-685. Cieveland's plurality, 29,133. or-Altgeld, Democrat, 425,238; Fifer, Republican. 402,758. Lieutenant Governor-Gill, Democrat. 423,455; Ray, Republican, 400,851.

INDIANA'S OFFICIAL FIGURES. INDIANAPOLIS .- The official returns from the last county have been received at the State house. The footings show that Brackins, the first elector of the Democratic tick et, received 262,700 votes. Pierce, the first elector on the Republican ticket, received 255,615 votes. Brackin's majority, which is in effect Cleveland's plurality, is 7,085.

MASSACRESETTS. Boston.-The recount of the gubernatorial vote in Massachusetts show that Russell's

plurality is 2.686.

108 A's OFFICIAL YOTE.

Dr. Moines.—lowa's official yet complete is: Harrison, 219.473; Cleveland, 196,408 Weaver, 20,616; Bidwell, 6,322.

ARKARAS WENT DEMOCRATIC.

LITTLE Rock.—Secretary of State Chism has received the official returns of every county in the State except Mississippi county. The total yote for President was as follows: Cleveland, 87,057; Harrison, 46,359 Weaver, 11,831; Bidwell, 2,340. Cleveland's majority over all 27,527. Mississippi counly's yote will increase Cleveland's majority to 28,000.

TENNESSEE'S OFFICIAL FIGURES

TENNESSEE'S OFFICIAL FIGURES.

NASPILLE.—The official returns from all the counties have been received by the Secretary of State. For President the vote is Cleveland, 126,477; Harrison, 19,173; Weaver 23,622; Bidwell, 4,846. Cleveland over Harrison, 36,504, Cleveland over All. 8,025.

MUST DRAW LODS IN KANSAS.

TOPERA.—The complexion of the next Legislature and the election of an United States Senator, it is discovered depend upon one vote and that vote is to be decided by lot. The House of Representatives at present stands 62 Republicans, 58 People's party. 3 Democrats, I Independent and I tie. The law says that in case of a tie for member of the Legislature the seat shall be awarded by lot. If the Republicans are successful in the drawing for the tie seat, they will have 63 members—just enough to or ganize the House. If they lose the combined opposition will have control of the both branches of the House.

MAY VOTE AGAIN ON PROMERTION.

YANKTON, S. D.—Returns from members of the Legislature in 17 of the 52 counties in South Dakota show a majority of nine on joint ballot for re-submission to a vote of the people of the prohibitory law.

—A BILL to reduce *leeping car charges*

—A nu.L to reduce sleeping car charges from \$2 to \$1 50 a night will be introduced in the Missouri Legislature.

THE PENSION ESTIMATE.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SIX MILLION POLLARS NEEDED FOR NEXT YEAR.

The secretary of the interior transmitted to the secretary of the treasury, the estimate- required by pen-lons for the fiscal year. The sum of \$166,831,850 will be necessary to pay pensions on account of the army and navy, including the maintenance of pension sgencies, clerk hire and other incidental expenses. Of this amount it is estimated that \$165,000,000 will be paid directly to pensioners. In addition to the estimate of \$140,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 50, 18 (2, a deficiency of \$10,508,621 is asked. During the first fiscal year of the present adminis ration, an estimate of \$89,500,600 in round numbers, was sufficient to pay pensions and other incidentals.

A NATIONAL BANK ROBBED.

SUBGLARS BLOW OPEN THE VALLES WITH DYNA-MITE, SECURED RETWEEN \$11,000 AND \$15,000 AND ESCAPE.

Four expert cracksman, with dynamite, succeeded in cracking the safe of the First National Bank at Liberty, Mo., securing a sum of money estimated at from \$11,000 to \$15,000. The burglars were scared away before they completed the work and did not get into the reserve vault of the safe, in which was \$10,000. They had a dynamite fase attached to this but fled without touch

Leaving the bank the burglars went to the house of Joseph S cele, stole a carriage and team of horses, with which they made

A BAND OF OUTLAWS BROKEN UP. The Marrow gang of highwaymen and train robbe s in the neighborhood of Rome. Ga., has been wiped out. Jim Green, one of the number, confessed after being arrested, resulting in the capture of George and John Marrow and Henry Leake, and the killing of Will Marrow and Chester Scott, while resisting arrest. The gang robbe I the East Tennessee express of \$6,000 about a year ago and recently held up a train at Piedmont, Ala.

A King Departs for His Throne Prince Momo Lulu, of Nashville, Tenn., who became King of the Vey Nation by his father's death some time ago, left to take

| ### OF THE AND FEED. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. | MARKETS. | | | | |
|---|--|-------|-----|-----|--|
| ### CHEAT—No. 2 Red | PITTSHUKO, | | | | |
| WHEAT—No. 2 Red | THE WHOLESALE PRICES ARE GIVEN BELOW, GRAIN, PLOTE AND PEED. | | | | |
| ORN.—No. 2 Yellow ear. 53 High Mixed ear. 47 Mixed ear. 50 Shelled Mixed. 45 50 Shelled Mixed. 45 50 Shelled Mixed. 45 50 ATS.—No. 1 White. 38 No. 2 White. 36 Mixed. 35 KYE.—No. 1 Pa & Ohio. 65 No. 2 Western, New. 40 4 Fancy Straight winter. 400 1 2 Mixed Clover. 12 100 12 Mixed Clover. 12 100 12 11 100 12 100 | WHEAT-No. 2 Red \$ | 76 (4 | 8 | 7 | |
| High Mixed ear 47 Mixed ear 50 Shelled Mixed 45 ATS—No. 1 White 38 No. 2 White 36 No. 3 White 36 Mixed 35 YYE—No. 1 Pa & Ohio 65 No. 2 Western, New 93 LOUR—Fancy winter pat 4 50 Fancy Spring patents 4 65 Fancy Spring patents 4 65 Fancy Straight winter 4 60 4 XXX Bakers 5 50 8 Rye Flour 5 75 HAY—Baled No. 1 Tim'y 13 00 HAY—Baled No. 2 Timothy 11 00 12 Mixed Clover 12 00 12 Timothy from country 16 00 12 Timothy from country 16 00 12 Timothy from country 16 00 12 FRAW—Wheat 6 50 7 Oats 7 50 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md # T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings 15 00 17 Bran 13 50 14 Bran 13 50 17 | No. 3 Red | | | 71 | |
| Mixed ear 50 Shelled Mixed 45 No. 2 White 38 No. 2 White 37 No. 3 White 36 Mixed 35 No. 2 Western, New 13 1-OUR-Fancy winter pat 450 Fancy Spring patents 465 Fancy Spring | | | | 5 | |
| Shelled Mixed | High Mixed ear | | | 45 | |
| 9ATS—No. 1 White 38 No. 2 White 37 No. 3 White 36 Mixed 35 RYE—No. 1 Pa & Ohio 65 No. 2 Western, New 03 TOUR—Fancy winter pat 4 50 4 Fancy Spring patents 4 65 4 Fancy Straight winter 4 60 4 XXX Bakers 3 50 3 Rye Flour 3 75 4 AY—Baled No. 1 Tim'y 13 00 14 Baled No. 2 Timothy 11 00 12 Mixed Clover 12 00 12 Timothy from country 16 00 18 TRAW—Wheat 6 50 7 Oats 7 50 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md # T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings 15 00 17 Bran 13 50 14 Chop 14 50 17 | | | | 5 | |
| No. 2 White | Shelled Mixed | | | 46 | |
| No. 3 White | OATS-No. 1 White | | | 23 | |
| Mixed. 35 RYE—No. 1 Pa & Ohio. 65 RYE—No. 2 Pa & Ohio. 65 RYE—No. 1 Pa & Ohio. 65 RYE—No. 2 Western, New. 03 **I-OUR—Fancy winter pat* 4 50 4 Fancy Spring patents. 4 65 4 Fancy Straight winter. 4 60 4 XXX Bakers. 3 50 3 Rye Flour. 3 75 4 HAY—Baled No. 1 Tim'y. 13 00 14 Baled No. 2 Timothy. 11 00 12 Mixed Clover. 12 00 12 Timothy from country. 16 00 18 TRAW—Wheat. 6 50 7 Oats. 7 50 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md # T 17 30 19 Brown Middlings. 15 00 17 Bran. 13 50 14 Chop. 14 50 17 | No. 2 White | | | 3 | |
| RYE—No. 1 Pa & Ohio | | | | 3 | |
| No. 2 Western, New 03 'LOUR—Fancy winter pat' 450 4 Fancy Spring patents 4 65 4 Fancy Spring patents 4 60 4 Fancy Straight winter 4 00 4 XXX Bakers 5 50 3 Rye Flour 3 75 4 HAY—Baled No. 1 Tim'y 13 00 14 Baled No. 2 Timothy 11 00 12 Mixed Clover 12 00 12 Timothy from country 16 00 18 TRAW—Wheat 6 50 7 Oats 7 50 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md ≠ T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings 15 00 17 Bran 13 50 14 Chop 14 50 17 | Mixed | | | 3 | |
| TAOUR—Fancy winter pat 4 50 4 Fancy Spring patents 4 65 4 Fancy Spring patents 4 60 4 Kancy Spring patents 4 60 4 Kax 50 3 Rye Flour 3 75 4 Kax 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | | | | 0 | |
| Fancy Spring patents. 4 65 4 Fancy Straight winter. 4 09 4 Kancy Straight winter. 4 09 4 Kaxx Bakers. 3 50 3 Rye Flour. 3 75 4 HAY—Baled No. 1 Tim'y 13 00 14 Baled No. 2 Timothy. 11 00 12 Mixed Clover. 12 06 12 Timothy from country. 16 00 18 STRAW—Wheat. 6 59 7 Oats. 7 50 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md # T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings. 15 00 17 Bran. 13 50 14 Ghop. 14 50 17 | | | | 6 | |
| Fancy Straight winter. 4 00 4 XXX Bakers 5 50 3 Rye Flour 3 75 4 HAY—Baled No. 1 Tim'y 13 00 14 Baled No. 2 Timothy 11 00 12 Mixed Clover 12 00 18 Timothy from country 16 00 18 TRAW—Wheat 6 50 7 Oats 7 50 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md ≠ T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings 15 00 17 Bran 13 50 14 Chop 14 50 17 | FLOUR-Fancy winter pat' | | 4 | 7 | |
| Rye Flour | Fancy Spring patents | | 4 | 9 | |
| Rye Flour | | | - 4 | 217 | |
| HAY—Baled No. 1 Tim'y. 13 00 14 Baled No. 2 Timothy. 11 00 12 Mixed Clover. 12 00 12 Timothy from country. 16 00 18 TRAW—Wheat. 650 7 Oats. 750 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md ≠ T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings. 15 00 17 Bran. 13 50 14 Chop. 14 50 17 | | | - 8 | 7 | |
| Baled No. 2 Timothy | Rye Flour | | | | |
| Mixed Clover | | | | | |
| Timothy from country. 16 00 18 TRAW—Wheat 650 7 Oats 750 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md # T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings 15 00 17 Bran 13 50 14 Chop 14 50 17 | | | | | |
| STRAW—Wheat 6 50 7 Oats 7 50 8 FEED—No. 1 Wh Md # T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings 15 90 17 Bran 13 50 14 Chop 14 50 17 | Mixed Clover | | | | |
| Oats 7 50 8 FEED-No. 1 Wh Md # T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings 15 00 17 Bran 18 50 14 Chop 14 50 17 | Timothy from country | | 18 | | |
| FEED—No. 1 Wh Md # T 17 50 19 Brown Middlings 15 00 17 Bran 13 50 14 Chop 14 50 17 | | | - 7 | 0 | |
| Brown Middlings | Oats | | | 0 | |
| Bran | FEED-No. 1 Wh Md # T | | | | |
| Chop 14 50 17 | | | | | |
| Chop it it is a real real real | | | | | |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS. | make the control of t | | 17 | 0 | |
| BUTTER-Elgin Creamery 33 | BUTTER-Elgin Creamery | | | 70 | |

Low grade & cooking... HEESE. O New er m mild New York Goshen. Wisconsin Swiss bricks... Wisconsin Sweitzer. Limburger. APPLES—Farry & bbl. 3 (
Fair to choice, # bbl. 1 5
BEANS—Select, # bu. 1 9
Pa & 0 Beans, # bbl. 1 6
Lima Beans, ONIONS—
Volkow description ONIONS— Yellow danvers ₱ bu... Yellow onion, ₱ bbi... Spanish, ₱ crate. CARBAGE—New ₱ bbi... CARBAGE
POTATOES
Fancy White per bu.....
Choice Red per bu.....
POULTRY ETC. DRESSED CHICKENS-

1 50

20

P B.
Dressed ducks PB.....
Dressed turkeys P B....
LIVE CHICKENS— Live Spring chickens # pr Live Ducks # pr..... Live Geese # pr..... Live Turkeys # h... EGGS—Pa & Ohio fresh... FEATHERS— 40 30 70 13 21 Extra live Geese & B..... No 1 Extra live geese Bb Mixed....

MISCRELLANIOUS. TALLOW-Country, Ph ... SEEDS-West Med'm clo'er 8 10 8 20 2 10 2 15 2 00 1 75 1 00 1 40 Mammoth Clover.....
Timothy prime.....
Timothy choice.... Blue grass...... Orchard grass.....

Millet..... Buckwheat..... RAGS—Country mixed ... HONEY—White clover ... Buckwheat ... CINCINNATI. \$2 50@ \$3 SE

FLOURWHEAT-No. 2 Red.....
RYE-No. 2
CORN-Mixed
OATS EGGS....BUTTER..... PHILADELPHIA. 83 40@ 81 64

FLOUR—
WHEAT—New No. 2. Red.,
CORN—No. 2. Mixed
OATS—No. 2. White
BUTTER—Creamery Extra.
EGGS—Pa., Firsts. NEW YORK. FLOUR-Patents. WHEAT-No. 2 Red.

RYE—Western.

ORN—Ungraded Mixed.
OATS—Mixed Western.
BUTTER—Creamery.
EGGS—State and Fenn. LIVE-STOCK REPORT. EAST LIBERTY, PITTSBURG STOCK YARDS.

Prime Steers \$ Common.
Bulls and dry cows.
Veal Calves.
Heavy rough calves.
Fresh cows, per head.

Prime 95 to 100-lb sheep...\$
Common 70 to 75 lb sheep...
Lambs...